



M 8566

Reg. No.: .....

Name : .....

**IV Semester B.C.A. Degree (CCSS – Reg./Supple./Improve.)**  
**Examination, May 2015**  
**COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN MATHEMATICS FOR B.C.A.**  
**4 C 04 MAT (BCA) : Operation Research**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Weightage : 30

Answer **all** questions. Weightage for a bunch of 4 questions is 1.

1. Fill in the blanks :

- a) A feasible solution which optimises the objective function is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- b) The variables whose values are not restricted to zero in the current basic solution are listed in one column of the Simplex table is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- c) A price which indicates the amount by which the optimal value of the objective function would change if any constraint is changed marginally is called \_\_\_\_\_
- d) Activities which do not take time or resources are known as \_\_\_\_\_
- e) The name of the probability distribution used in PERT which estimates the expected duration and the expected variance of the activity is \_\_\_\_\_
- f) A linear programming problems in which all the variables in the optimum solution is restricted to assume non negative integer value is called \_\_\_\_\_
- g) The Dynamic Programming technique was developed by \_\_\_\_\_ in 1950.
- h) The time between starting the first job and completing the last job is known as \_\_\_\_\_

(Wt : 2x1=2)

P.T.O.



Answer **any 6** questions (Wt : 1 each).

2. Write the standard form of an LPP.
3. How to find the dual of a given primal ?
4. Distinguish between CPM and PERT.
5. Write the Mathematical formulation of a Transportation Problem.
6. Give the different phases in the application of Network technique.
7. What do you mean by Travelling Salesman problem ?
8. Write the Mathematical modelling of integer programming problem.
9. Give the difference between Dynamic Programming and Linear Programming.
10. What is meant by "no passing rule" in sequencing ? (Wt : 6×1=6)

Answer **any 7** questions (Wt : 2 each).

11. Solve the following LPP by graphical method.

$$\text{Max : } Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$\text{S.t : } x_1 + x_2 \leq 30$$

$$x_2 \geq 3$$

$$0 \leq x_2 \leq 12$$

$$x_1 - x_2 \leq 0$$

$$0 \leq x_1 \leq 20 ; x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$$

12. Write down the dual of the following problem :

$$\text{Min : } Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$\text{S.t : } x_1 + x_2 \geq 10$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 24$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$$



13. Find the initial feasible solution to the transportation problem given below by north west corner rule.

Origin	Destination			Supply
	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	
O <sub>1</sub>	2	7	4	5
O <sub>2</sub>	3	3	1	8
O <sub>3</sub>	5	4	7	7
O <sub>4</sub>	1	6	2	14
<b>Demand</b>	7	9	18	

14. Solve the following minimal assignment problem :

Job	Man			
	1	2	3	4
I	12	30	21	15
II	18	33	9	31
III	44	25	21	21
IV	14	30	28	14

15. The following table gives the activities in a construction project and other relevant information.

Activity	1-2	1-3	2-3	2-4	3-4	4-5
Duration	20	25	10	12	6	10

- Draw the network for the project.
- Which are the critical activities ?



16. Use Branch and Bound Technique, solve the following :

$$\text{Max : } Z = 2x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$\text{S.t : } 5x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 8$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 4$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \text{ and integers.}$$

[Use graphical method to solve the LPP]

17. Use Bellman's principal of optimality to find the optimum solution.

$$\text{Maximize : } Z = x_1 \cdot x_2 \cdot x_3$$

$$\text{S.t : } x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 5$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0 \text{ and } x_3 \geq 0.$$

18. There are 5 jobs each of which is to be processed through two machines  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  in the order  $M_1, M_2$ . Processing hours are given below.

Job :	A	B	C	D	E
$M_1$ (time in hrs) :	4	9	6	8	5
$M_2$ (time in hrs) :	5	11	7	6	9

1) Determine optimum sequence for the job. Also find total minimum time elapsed. Find also the ideal time of the two machines.

19. Solve the following LPP by Big. M method.

$$\text{Min : } Z = 5x_1 + 6x_2$$

$$\text{S.t : } 2x_1 + 5x_2 \geq 1500$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 \geq 1200$$

$$x_1 \geq 0 \text{ and } x_2 \geq 0.$$

20. Distinguish between AP and TP.

21. Explain how 'n' jobs on 'm' machines problem can be solved.

(Wt : 7x2=14)

Answer **any two** questions (Wt : 4 each).

22. Solve by two phase method.

$$\text{Min : } t = 6x_1 + 5x_2$$

$$\text{S.t : } 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 80$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 60$$

$$x_1 \geq 0 ; x_2 \geq 0.$$



23. The following table lists the jobs of a network along with their time estimate.

Job i j	Duration (days)		
	Optimistic	Most likely	Pessimistic
1-2	3	6	15
1-6	2	5	14
2-3	6	12	30
2-4	2	5	8
3-5	5	11	17
4-5	3	6	15
6-7	3	9	27
5-8	1	4	7
7-8	4	19	28

- 1) Draw the project network.
- 2) Calculate the length and variance of critical path.
- 3) Find due data which has 95% chance to meet.

24. Solve the following TP.

From		To					Available
		$W_1$	$W_2$	$W_3$	$W_4$	$W_5$	
$F_1$		3	4	6	8	9	20
$F_2$		2	10	1	5	8	30
$F_3$		7	11	20	40	3	15
$F_4$		2	1	9	14	16	13
Required		40	6	8	18	6	

(Wt : 2x4=8)

g) The Linear Programming technique was developed by \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_.

h) The time between starting the first job and completing the last job is known as \_\_\_\_\_ (Wt : 2x1=2)

P.T.O