

Reg. No. :

Name :

First Semester B.Sc. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – O.B.E.-Supplementary) Examination, November 2025 (2023 Admission)

Complementary Elective Course

1C01MAT-AIML: DIFFERENTIATION AND MATRIX THEORY

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A

Answer all questions.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

- 1. If f(x) is a polynomial function of degree less than n where $n \in N$, then what is the n^{th} derivative of f(x)?
- 2. Define bijective function.
- 3. What is total ordering?
- 4. Find rank of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 5. If $y = \frac{1}{ax + b}$, then what is the nth derivative of y?
- 6. When do we say a system of linear equations is inconsistent?

SECTION - B

Answer any 6 questions.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 7. If $y = ae^{nx} + be^{-nx}$, then show that $y_2 = n^2y$.
- 8. Find y_2 of the function $y = e^{3x + 2}$.
- 9. How many relations are there on a set with n elements?



- 10. Let R be the relation on the set of positive integers defined as $R = \{(a, b) \mid a \text{ divides } b\}$. Check whether the relation R is an equivalence relation or not?
- 11. Define composition of two functions.
- 12. Find the rank of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 13. Determine the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ by reducing to echelon form.
- 14. Explain Non-homogeneous and Homogeneous systems of linear equations.

SECTION - C

Answer any 4 questions.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

- 15. Find nth derivative y_n , if $y = x^2e^{ax}$.
- 16. If $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$, prove that $x^2y_2 + xy_1 + y = 0$.
- 17. What are the sets in the partition of the integers arising from congruence modulo 4?
- 18. Show that the relation ⊆ (subset of) is a partial ordering on the power set of a set S.
- 19. Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 20. Test for consistency of the system.

$$x - y + 2z = 2$$

$$2x + y + 4z = 7$$

$$4x - y + z = 4$$



SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

21. If
$$y = (\sin^{-1}x)^2$$
, prove that $(1 - x^2) y_{n+2} - (2n + 1) xy_{n+1} - n^2y_n = 0$.

- 22. For the given functions f(x) = 2x and $g(x) = x^2 + 1$, find out the values of f o g(x) and g o f(x) at x = 2.
- 23. Reduce $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ to normal form.
- 24. Solve the system using Cramer's rule.

$$x + y + z = 6$$

$$2x + 3y - z = 5$$

$$6x - 2y - 3z = -7$$

